



## Rabbit Anti-Human GLP2R polyclonal antibody (DPAB-JXL23254)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

### PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Immunogen</b>	Fusion protein of human GLP2R
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Source/Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity chromatography
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	ELISA 1:5000-10000; IHC 1:50-200; WB 1:1000-5000 Each laboratory should determine an optimum working titer for use in its particular application. Other applications have not been tested but use in such assays should not necessarily be excluded.
<b>Format</b>	Purified, Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	1.2 mg/ml
<b>Size</b>	25 µl, 100 µl, 200 µl
<b>Buffer</b>	pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% sodium azide, 40% Glycerol
<b>Preservative</b>	0.05% sodium azide
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
<b>Ship</b>	Wet ice

# BACKGROUND

## Introduction

The GLP2 receptor (GLP2R) is a G protein-coupled receptor superfamily member closely related to the glucagon receptor and GLP1 receptor. Glucagon-like peptide-2 (GLP2) is a 33-amino acid proglucagon-derived peptide produced by intestinal enteroendocrine cells. Like glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP1) and glucagon itself, it is derived from the proglucagon peptide encoded by the GCG gene. GLP2 stimulates intestinal growth and upregulates villus height in the small intestine, concomitant with increased crypt cell proliferation and decreased enterocyte apoptosis. Moreover, GLP2 prevents intestinal hypoplasia resulting from total parenteral nutrition. GLP2R, a G protein-coupled receptor superfamily member is expressed in the gut and closely related to the glucagon receptor (GCGR) and the receptor for GLP1 (GLP1R).

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# GENE INFORMATION

## Synonyms

Glucagon-Like Peptide 2 Receptor; Glp-2 Receptor; Glp-2-R; Glp-2r

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## Entrez Gene ID

[9340](#)

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## UniProt ID

[O95838](#)

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